



Astronomy and Natural Science in the *Peterborough Chronicle*

Cosmic Explorations, University of Caltech,
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From *De Carmen Abbatibus*

[...] *ocius inde suos cupiunt adcurrere lectos,*
ast ego post omnes conclusis postibus aulam
deservique alium fratrem comitatis adiui,
qui tum forte foras spectando sidera cernit.

[...] they desired [the brothers] to hurry to their beds, but I left the Church after them with all its doors shut, and approached another brother, whom I accompanied; he was then by chance outside scanning the stars to make observations of them
(Aethelwulf, *De Abbatibus*, ed. A. Campbell (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1967, ll. 661-4)

B

mittene island is ehta hund mila lans.
 I tpa hund briad. I heci sind on his
 islande fif se heode. englise. I bjur
 tise. I ylise. I rectice. I pyhtice. I
 voc ledon. Erest peion burgend hiser
 landes brytter. ha coman of armenia. I se ractan
 rudepeasande bryttene aepost. Ha se lamp hit h̄ p̄yht
 tar coman suhan of reichian. mid lanſū ſcipū
 na manegum. I ha coman aepost on noſh ybeginian
 up. I heci beodo ſcottas ſi hi deni moſton yuman. ac
 hi nolden heom lyfan. ſoſdan hi cƿedon ha ſcottas.
 pe eop mazon heah hydæfie naed ge laeron. Se ritan
 oheci eſtand heci be easton. heci ge mazon eadidian ſif
 ge villard. I ſif h̄pa eop yid ſtent. pe eop fulcumad. ſi
 se hit mazon ge ſansan. Da feidon ha pihtas. I ge
 feidon his land noſhan peaqid. I suhan peaqid hit heſ-
 don bryttas. ſpa pe aen cƿedon. And ha pyhtas heom abe-
 don yif ar geotum. on ha ge naed ſi hi ge cupion heor
 kyne em aā on ha yif healfa. ſi heoldon ſpa lange
 ſyddan. I ha ge lamp hit imbe geana yuna. ſi ſcotta
 sum del ge pat of ybeginian on bryttene. I heſ lan-
 des sum del ge edon. I heſ heosia heptacosa. neoda ge
 haten. From ha heo ſind ge nemnode del neodi. Dix
 trum pinciu aen ha he cƿist yefje acenned. Gai uili
 niomana karepe mid hund ehtatſū ſcipū ge rohte
 bryttene. Heſ heſ aepost ge ſpenced mid spinnum
 ge feolte. I micelne dæl hiſ hefes poplaedde. I ha he

Liber Guil. Laud Archipi Gent. 86
 Caselliar. Universit. Oxon. 1638.

Oxford, Bodleian
 Library, Laud Misc.
 636, fol. 1r

Year 1116

On þison geare wæs se cyng Henri to Natiuiteð æt Sancte Albane 7 þær let þet mynster halgian 7 to Eastron on Wudiham. 7 wæs eac þyses geares swiðe hefigtyme winter 7 strang 7 lang wið org 7 wið ealle þing ... Ðis wæs swiðe geswincfull gear 7 byrstfull on eorðwæstmas þurh þa ormæte reinas þe coman sona onforan August 7 swiðe gedrehton 7 geswencton þe gyt þe com Candelmæssan. Eac þis gear wæs swa gæsne on mæstene swa þet on eallon þison lande ne eac on Wealon ne gehyrde me of nanan segcean. Ðis land 7 þas leodan wurdon eac þyses geares oftrædlice sare geswencte þurh ða gyld þe se cyng nam ægðer ge binnan burgan 7 butan. **On þisum geare bærnde eall þet mynstre of Burh 7 eallæ þa husas butan se Captelhus 7 se Slæpperne, 7 þærto eac bærnde eall þa mæste dæl of þa tuna. Eall þis belamp on an Frigdæg, þet wæs .ii. nonas Augusti.**

(All transcriptions are taken from the relevant volume from *The Anglo-Saxon Chronicle: A Collaborative Edition*, general editors D. Dumville and S. Keynes (Cambridge: Brewer, 1983-). All translations from the ASC are adapted from D. Whitelock, *The Anglo-Saxon Chronicle* (London: Jarrold & Sons, 1961). •

ær han nan scyngie ne ġ munde. ¶ yeard þurh þun gemete
off cwealm. On hison gearie sende se papa paschal' paulfe
cepiceb on cantwariabypis palliu hider to lande. ¶ he hi onweng
mid mycelan puridōripe ac his aice stole on cant bypis. hine
brought anfealn abb of nome. se pæs ne wa anfealnes cepiceb. ¶ reatb lohan
of bish.

M i H o o . c . x v i .

On hison gearie pæs lecys henri to
natiuted ac see albane. ¶ þær lec h münsteri halzian. ¶ to eas
tron on. yudham. ¶ Pæs eac hysel gearies syde hefis tyme
ynter. ¶ spang. ¶ lans. ¶ id off. ¶ yd ealle hins. And se cying
æfē eastron sona feide open se in to normandis. ¶ puridon
manega unjada. ¶ næfinga. ¶ castelas. ¶ numene be tyre
france. ¶ normandis. ¶ æst his unselte pæs for han he lecys
henri fylle his nefan hā eople tedbalde de blair. he ha wyrre
haefde to gramer his klafondre hā cyinge off france lodepir.
Dis pæs syde. ¶ synefull geapi. ¶ bypisc full on eorð pætman.
þurh ha opimete riemas he coman sona on foran august.
¶ syde gedrichton. ¶ gespencton he gyt he w candel mæssan.
Eac his geapi pæs spa gælne on mæstene. hya h on eallon hison
lande. ne eac on pealon ne ġ hynde me of nanan segtean. Dis
land. ¶ has leodan puridon eac hysel gearies of quædlice sape
ge spencte. þurh ha gyl he le cying nā. ¶ gæder ge bimian
buixgan. ¶ bordan. On hisu ylcan gearie beymde eall h mün
ſcie of bish. ¶ eallæ ha husaq bordan se captel hur. ¶ se slæp
peyne. ¶ þær to eac beymde eall hameste del of þatuna. Fall
his belāp onan frys dæg. ¶ þær. ii. n. auct.

*Cambusao
Lutice*

M i H o o . c . x v i i .

Fall his geapi punode se cying henri
on normandis. for his cyinge unselte off france. ¶ his oðra
nehhebura. ¶ ha to ðan sumepan cō se cying of france. ¶ se
eoqf of flandria mid hī mid syde in to normandis. ¶ anie
niht hepiinne punedon. ¶ on moysen butan ge reolte on

References to natural phenomena in the 'Common Stock up to 891'

538: Solar Eclipse (all versions, missing in MSD); 540: Solar eclipse (all versions, missing in MSD); 664: Solar eclipse (all versions, missing in MSD); 671: Great Mortality of birds (all versions); 678: Comet (all versions, 677 MSF); 685: Bloody Rain (MSF); 729: Comets (DEF, one comet in MSS ABC); 733: Lunar Eclipse (all versions); 734: Red Moon (all versions); 744: Meteors (MSS DE); 763: Great Winter (all versions); 776: Cross in the sky, Supernova? (all versions); 793: Fiery Dragons/Aurora Borealis?(MSS DEF); 794: Bad Weather (MSS DE); 796: Lunar Eclipse (MSS DEF); 800: Lunar Eclipse (MSS DE, 801 MSF); 802: Lunar Eclipse (MSS DEF); 806: Lunar Eclipse (MSS DEF), F adds the sign of the cross; 809: Solar Eclipse (MSF); 829: Lunar Eclipse (all versions); 879: Lunar Eclipse (all versions (880 MSC)); 885: Solar Eclipse (all versions, MSC 886); 891: Comet (MSS AF)

The astronomical observations in the entries of MSS DE up to c. 890 that are missing from MSS ABC include:

- Year 744 (*steorran foran swyþe scotienda*)
- Year 793 (*fyrenne dracan 7 ligrescas*)
- Year 795 (*seo mona abistrod*)
- Year 800 (*se mona abistrad*)
- Year 802 (*aþeostrade se mona*)
- Year 806 (*sona abistrode*)

Epistola To Charlemagne from his 'old soldier Flaccus'.

A.D. 798

Venit viator volando, quaestionariam autorictatis vestrae habens in manu cartam ... hortans seniorem fragile sensu caelestia scrutare, qui terranorum necdum didicit rationes, stellarum in caelo errantium vagabundos exponere cursus, qui herbarum in terra nascentium nequaquam agnoscere valet ... Quid enim de concordia solaris lunarisque cursus per signa zodiaci Iudicius dici poterit, quam quod talium inquisitor quaestionum **Beda magister** in scriptis suis nobis reliquit? Quam quod naturalium rerum devotissimus inventor **Plinius Secundus** de caelestium siderum ratione exposuit, investigaris valet? Sed nobis inter agentibus illorum in quibus haec leguntur, librorum deest praesentia. Nihil de vestrae sapientia profundissimis queastionibus temere audemus respondere; postolantes clementia vestram, ut iubeatis nobis dirigere primos praefati doctoris Plinii Secundi libellos.

A lengthy answer follows with a diagram. ("Alcuini epistolae", ed. Dümmler, epistola 155, 250; Translation adapted from Allott, *Alcuin of York: His Life and Letters*, 1974, letter 76, p. 92).

Oxford, Bodleian Library, MS Laud Misc 636 or

MS E was written in two distinct phases:

- The annals copied till 1121, which form the majority of the text, are written in one scribal block and incorporate new material which can be localised at Peterborough (interpolations to the exemplar)
- First Continuation by the same scribe covers the period 1122-1131 (strictly contemporary to the scribe and written in six blocks, (i) 1122, (ii) 1123, (iii) 1124, (iv) 1125-6, (v) 1126-27, (vi) 1128-31 (N. Ker, *Catalogue*, p. 425, no. 346)
- Second Continuation by a different scribe copied in one block after the 1150s. The events are written retrospectively.

Natural Phenomena in the Peterborough Chronicle after 891

975: Comet MSS DEF (alliterative in MSS ABC); 986: Murrain of Cattle (MSS CDE); 995: Comet (MSS CDEF); 1005: Great Famine (MSS CDE); 1009: Wind (MSS CDE); 1032: Wild Fire (MSS EF); 1041: Storms+Cattle+Disease (MSE); 1043: Famine (MSE); 1053: Wind (MSE, 1052 in MSD); 1054: Pestilence among cattle; 1082: Famine; 1085: Bad year for cattle+ bad weather; 1086: Disease + storms; 1089: Earthquake; 1095: Falling stars and unseasonable weather; 1096: Famine; 1097: Comet + bad weather+ flood; 1098: Pool of blood+red sky+rains; 1100: Blood from the earth; 1103: Blood from the earth +Wind; 1104: Halo; 1105: Ruin of crops [due to bad weather?]; 1106: Comet; 1107: Moon waxing; 1109: Thunderstorm; 1110: Comet and several other astronomical phenomena; 1111: Bad weather; 1112: Excessive plague; 1114: Comet+ Ebbtide + winds; 1115: Severe winter; 1116: Bad weather/rains+fire; 1117: Red moon +lunar eclipse; 1118: Wind + lightning; 1119: Earthquake; 1121: Lunar eclipse +wind

First Continuation: 1122: Aurora borealis + wind; 1123: Great Fire; 1124: Bad weather; 1125: Floods +bad weather, disease; 1127: Black Huntmens; 1129: Earthquake; 1131: possibly an Aurora Borealis (bærnende fir)

Second Continuation: 1135: Solar eclipse; 1140: solar eclipse

Year 1106

... On þære forman længtenwucan on þone Frigidæg .i.xiiii. kalensas Martii on æfen ætywde an ungewunelic steorra 7 lange stunde þæræfter wæs ælce æfen gesewen hwile scinende. Se steorra ætywde innon þet suðwest; he wæs litel geþuht and deorc, ac se leoma þe him fram stod wæs swiðe beorht 7 swilce ormæte beam geþuht norðeast scinende, 7 sumne æfen wæs gesæwen swilce se beam ongeanweardes wið þes steorran ward fyrciende wäre. **Gehwylce sædon þet hig ma on þison timon uncuðra steorra gesawon, ac we hit openlicor ne awriton, forþam þe we hit sylfe ne sawon.** On þa niht þe on morgen wæs Cena Domini, þet is se Þunresdæg toforan Eastran, wæron gesewen twegen monan on þære heofonan toforan þam dæge, oðer be eastan 7 se oðer be westan, begen fulle, 7 þæs ylcan dæges wæs se mona .xiiii.



Comet McNaught over the Pacific Ocean.
Image taken from Paranal Observatory in January 2007.
Courtesy of S. Deiries/ESO

Year 1122

Millesimo.cxxii. On þis geare wæs se king Heanri on Cristenmæssan on Norhtwic. 7 on Pasches he wæs on Norhtamtune. 7 on þone lententyde þærtoforen forbear se burch on Gleawecestre. Þa hwile þe þa munecas sungen þære messe. 7 se dæcne hafde ongunnan þone gospel Preteriens Iesus. þa com se fir on ufenweard þone stepel 7 forbearnde ealle þe minstre 7 ealle þa gersumes þe wesþes dæies .viii. idus Martii. 7 þær æfter þe Tywesdæi æfter Palmes Sunendæi wæs swiðe micel wind on þet dæi .xi. kalendas Aprilis. Þæræfter comen feale tacne wide hwear on Englaland 7 feole dwild wearen geseogen 7 geheord. 7 þes niht .viii. kalendas Augusti wæs swiðe micel eorðdyne ofer eal Sumersetescire 7 on Gleawecestrescire. Siðdon on þæs dæi .vi. idus Septembris þet wæs on sancte Marie messedæi. þa wearð swiðe mycel wind fram þa undern dæies to þa swarte nihte. Peos ilce geares forðferde Raulf seo ærcebiscop of Cantwarbyrig. þet wæs on þæs dæies .xiii. kalendas Nouembris. Þæræfter wæron feole scipmen on sæ 7 on wæter 7 sædon þet hi sægon on nordøeast fir micel 7 brad wið þnerðe, 7 weax on lengþe upon an to þam wolcne, 7 se wolcne undide on fower healfe and faht þærtogeanes swilc hit scolde æwencen, 7 se fir weax na þa ma up to þe heovene ...

The wind in the ASC

1009
(C,
D &
E)

1050
(D)

1075
(D)

1114 (E)

1121
(E)

1123
(E)



1039 (C)

1052/53
(C, D) E
has
weder
(wind?)

1103
(E)

1118
(E)

1122 (E)

Every time the main scribe of MS E gives the exact day (and in one case even the time) on which the wind is associated to some sort of catastrophe:

- On *Octobris monðe, ac he wæs ormæte mycel on þa niht octabe Sancti Martini* in 1114
- *Thomes mæsseniht* in 1118
- *Sancte Laurentius mæssedæg* in 1121
- *þe Tywesdæi æfter Palmes Sunendæi wæs swiðe micel wind on þet dæi .xi. kalendas Aprilis. on þæs dæi .vi. idus Septembris þet wæs on sancte Marie messedæi . þa wearð swiðe mycel wind fram þa undern dæies to þa swarte nihtein* 1122

The same hand has been identified in the following MSS:

- Oxford, Bodleian Library, MS Laud Misc. 636 or MSE, around 1121, Peterborough
- London, British Library, MS Cotton Tiberius C. i, Fols. 2-42, 1120s Peterborough
- London, British Library, MS Harley 3667, probably written soon after 1122, Peterborough

(Tiberius C.i + Harley 3667) originally part of one big scientific collection known as the *Peterborough Computus*)

Contents MS Cotton Tiberius C .i Part 1 (ff.2-42) 1120s (most likely 1122) astronomical and computistical material in Latin

Fol. 1r table of contents added later probably by Sir Cotton.

Fol. 3rv Two eight-column Easter Tables for the years 988-1025, with marginal annals on fol. 3r

Fol. 4r Diagram six kinds of year

Fol. 5r Circular diagram of zodiac, prophets, seasons, four elements, four cardinal directions, four letters of Adam's name, etc.

Fol. 5v *Duodenarius perfectus est numerus*

Fol. 6v/1-7r/3 Isidore's DNR, chap. 11 *De partibus mundi* ...four elements, etc.

Fol. 7r/1-3 Egyptian Days and Macrobius *In Somnium Scipionis*.

Fol. 7v/1-21 Sphere of Pythagoras

Fol. 8r Calendrical tables

Fol. 9v circular diagrams on the sun and the moon

Fol. 10r/14-10v/2 Isidore's DNR, chap. 4 'Lectio de mensibus secundum antiquos'

Fol. 11r/1-20 Isidore's DNR, chap. 37 De nominibus ventorum ... Ventorum primus cardinalis septentrio, followed by a circular diagram of the winds, with OE translation added as glosses to the Latin names.

Fol. 12v/1-39 Isidore's DNR chap. 23: *De positione septem stellarum errantium* followed by a diagram on the positions of the planets.

Fol. 36v/11-38r/23 Pliny historia, book 18, chaps. 78-90.342-65: *De presagiis tempestatum presagia solis* ...

Fol. 39v/31-40r/24 excerpt from Pliny NH, book 2, chap. 6.32-44 *De positione ed cursus VII stellarum*. ●

Astronomical Material in London, BL, MS Cotton Tiberius C. I, ff. 2r-42v

- Extracts from Bede's **De temporibus** Chaps. 11 and 13 on The Nineteen-Year Cycle and chap. 18 'The Second Age of the world'
- Eugenius Toletanus, *Monosticha recapitulationes septem dierum*
- From Pliny, *NH* Book XVIII, Chap. LXXVIII (78) Weather forecasts from the sun, moon and stars. It begins: ' **The theory of the winds having now in fact been set out, in order to avoid repetition it is the best plan to pass on to the remaining means of forecasting the weather, since I see that this subject also appeals to Virgil**' . Pliny, *HN*, Book 2, on the World, elements, planets, etc.
- From Macrobius Book I, chap. 22 (de situ orbis): 11-13, Book II, chap. 11
- Isidore's *Etym*, Book XIII **On the cosmos**, Chap. 6 The circles of heaven (de circulis caeli)
- From Isidore, *DNR*, chaps. 4, 10, 11, 23 (followed by a diagram of the planets), 37 (De nomina ventorum)
- Pseudo-Bede
- Acrostic Verses by Abbo of Fleury
- Aratea
- Anonymous treatises: De concordia solaris cursus et lunaris - De concordia maris et lune
- Martianus Capella, *De nuptiis*,
- Anonymous treatise: Dimensio celestium spatiorum secundum quosdam

London, BL, MS Cotton Tiberius C.i, fols. 20v-21r 'On Stars'

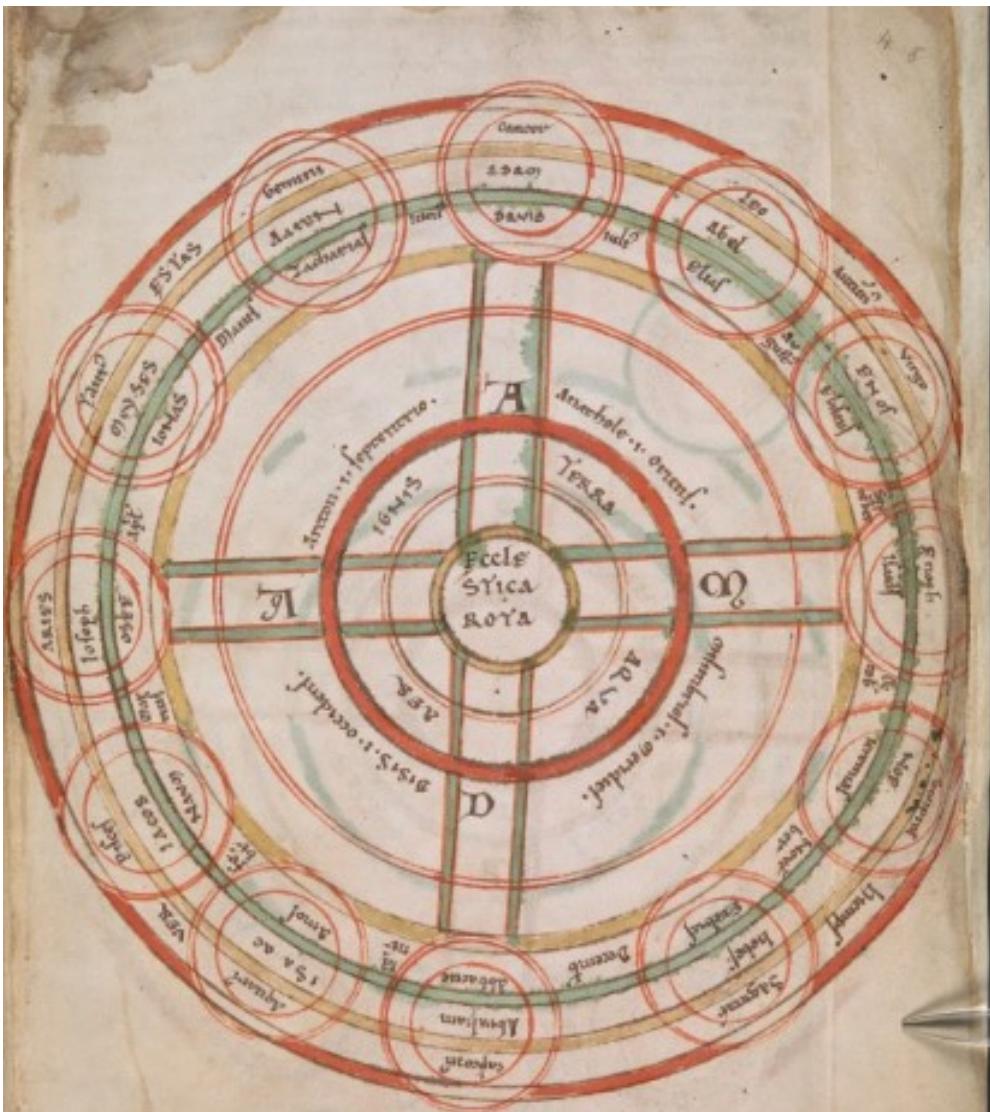
Larū iubar uocat. qd in modū iubē radū ipsorū extandant. Cometes uero stella q̄ temporib̄ congruis dī nutu appareat id uocata ē. qd coma luminis ex se fundat. & cū apparuerit. aut pestilentia. aut famē. aut bella significat. excidium etiā patrie. mortemque p̄ncipū. Comete autē latine crinitē appellant. qā in modū crinū flāmas spargit. q̄s philosophi dixerunt xxx. ēē & ampli. & qdā astrologi earū nomina & effectus.

Cometes uero stella quae temporibus congruis domini nutu appareat, ideo uocata est quod comas luminis ex se fundat, et cum apparuerit aut pestilentiam aut famem, aut bella significat, excidium etiam patriae mortemque principum (A short Compilation on the Constellation as in Tiberius B. v). Cometes autem latine crinite appellantur quia in modum crinium flamas spargunt quas philosophi dixerunt xxx esse et amplius et quisdam astrologi earum nomina et effectus scripsere. (Isidore, Etym., book lxxi, chaps. 16-17)

Year 729 Anno dominicae
incarnationis DCCXXVIII
apparuerunt cometae duae circa
solem, multum intuentibus
terrorem incutientes. Una quipped
solem praecedebat mane orientem,
altera uespere sequebatur
occidentem, quasi Orienti simul et
Occidenti dirae cladis praesagae;
uel certe una diei, altera noctis
praecurrebat exortum, ut utroque
tempore mala mortalibus inminere
signarent. Portabant autem facem
ignis contra aquilonem, quasi ad
accendendum adclinem,
apparebantque mense Ianuario et
duabus ferme septimanis
permanebant. Quo tempore
grauissima Sarracenorum lues
Gallias misera caede uastabat, et
ipsi non multo post in eadem
prouincia dignas suae perfidiae
poenas luebant. (Bede's *HE*, Book
V, chap. 22)

1. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Heli pilgried cantrapaia cintury fōd
 fēpide on hō kl'orai. te mīrade: xxviii. pītīce. līne y
 fealit fōd fūdgāxum. 'Hēl of fōlō caldbēlīte hōne efe
 līns. se he aēt fēlēnde.
 2. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Heli me fōp to nome. 'fērīg adēl
 heaqid to fēst fēxena juce hīs māe. 'hēold. xiii. yāp.
 3. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl fōndēpēde tolnas bīswopin p
 fēcētē. 'on hīs stāl bīshēpōld aēice bīscōp te haljō
 de aldulf to bīscōpe.
 4. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl acēpōden tpeyēn comētan.
 'hi ilcan yōue offīc fōndēpēde fōo pēt. xi. pītīce a
 mīns. 'fōo haljā ecgbūlīt in ii. ha fērīg colpūl to
 juce. 'hēold. viii. yāp.
 5. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl oppāld adēlīng fōndēpēde.
 6. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl bīshēpōld aēice bīscōp fōd
 fēpide on id'ianī. fōo pēt bīscōp: xxvii. pītīce. līx
 mondas. 'xi. xiii. dācas. 'hy ilcan yōue man yē haljō
 de tācpīne to aēice bīscōp. fōo pēt aēt in mēcū pīwōt
 in bīcōdūne. hīne haljōdan dāmel pītān bīscōp. 'l
 iii. spāld lundēn bīscōp. 'aldpmē licet fēlda b. 'aldulf
 nōpērētē. b. die. x. mīns. menīs. x
 7. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~
 8. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl adēlbōld yē eode tūmoni am
 'fūmī adēfēpōde. lacu pēt adēpēn of: bīscōp domē.
 9. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl pēt te mōna spīlē he pēpe
 mid blōde be gōten. 'tācpīne fōndēpēde epīcē b. 'l eac bēda
 'man yē haljōde ecgbūlīt to bīscōpe. L pōme.
 10. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl onpētē ecgbūlīt b. pāllī et
 11. ~~ii. dec. xxx.~~ Hēl nōphēlm aēice bīscōp onpētē

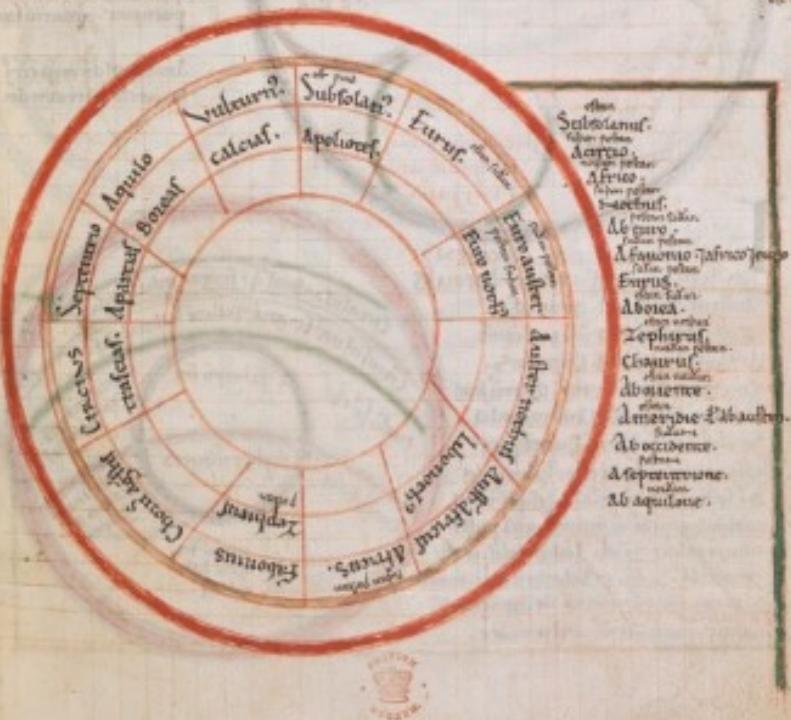
MSE, fol.
21v .



London, BL, MS
Cotton Tiberius C
I, fol. 5r

De nominibus ventorum.

et nubiles, flat recte ab axe et facit
trascutus. hic a dextris septentrionis intonans, facit niues et grandinum coagulationes. Aquilo
uentus qui et boreas uocatur ex alto flans, gelidus atque siccus, et siue pluua, qui non discutit
nubes, sed stringit. Sedis uentoru cardinalis subsolani, qui apolotes. hic ab ortu solis
intonans, et est temperatus. Vulturnus ipse qui et calcar uocatur, dexteror subsolani, hic dissoluit
cuncta aqua, desiccat. Eurus ex sinistro latere ueniens subsolani orientem nubibus inrigat.
Terti uentoru austri, plaga meridiana cardinalis que noctibus, Schismatis flans, humido
calidus, atque fulmineus, generans largas nubes, et pluvias letissimas, soluens etia flores,
luro austri, calidus uentus, a dextris intonans austri. Luro nocte uenit repandit calidus, a
sinistri austri aspirat. Quod uentus cardinalis zeplini, qui et faboni, ab occidente inione flat.
Ide hemisphaerio australi uentus relaxat, flores perdunt. Africu quod ipse zeplinus deo-
tro latere intonans, hic generat repellentes et expulsas, et facit nubium collisiones, et po-
ne tonitruum, et cerebrescentium fulgurum, et fulminum impulsus. Chor, qui et agrestis
eximista parte faboni aspirans, eo flante in oriente, nubila se in india serena.
quidam autem triplius opes locou flat certos appellat uocabulis, et numero se in
furia furiosi, carbantes in ciliis. In ponti de tracidas, in aetna fessori, in callidac
cirri. In iespania succonventis. Se pecta quidam innumerabiles exflammantur, aut in
stagnis aut fimbriis nominati. Duo se tam extra hos, ubiq; spiritus magis quam uenti
aura, et alatus.



Borealis ingens et
est dissipatus
spirituque, atque at
que in illius modo
spiritus, et uentus in
spatibus numeris, et
est omnis eius.

XXXVII. De nominibus uentorum. i.

Ventorum primus cardinalis Septentrio, frigidus et uivialis; flat rectus ab axe et facit arida frigora et siccitas nubes. Circius qui et Thrascias; hic a dextris Septentrionis intonans facit niues et grandinum coagulationes. Aquilo uentus, qui et Boreas uocatur, ex alto flans, gelidus atque siccus et siue pluua, qui non discutit nubes, sed stringit; unde et non inmerito diabolic formam induit, quia iniquitatis frigore gentilium corda constringit. Secundus uentorum cardinalis Subsolanus, qui et Apelotes; hic ab ortu intonate solis et est temperatus. Vulturnus ipse, qui et Caecias uocatur, dexteror Subsolani; hic dissoluit cuncta atque desiccat. Eurus, ex sinistro latere ueniens Subsolani, orientem nubibus inrigat

London, BL, MS Cotton Tiberius C. I, fol.
11r *De Nominibus Ventorum* from Isidore,
DNR, chap. 37

Ælfric's *De Temporibus Anni* On the twelve winds

The air, when it is stirred up, is wind. The wind has various names in books. The name is determined by where it blows from. There are four principal winds: the first is the eastern wind, called *Subsolanus* because it blows from the place where the sun rises and is very temperate. **The second principal wind is southern and is called *Auster*; it stirs up clouds and flashes of lightning and blows various kinds of pestilence throughout the earth.** The third principal wind is called *Zephyrus* in the Greek language and *Favonius* in Latin; it blows from the west and through its blowing all earthly plants revive and bloom, and that wind dissipates and thaws every winter. The fourth principal wind is called *Septemtrio*; it blows from the north, cold and snowy, and it makes dry clouds. These four principal winds have eight other winds among them in the orb of the earth, always two winds between two principal winds. We could tell their names and the way they blow if it did not seem wearisome to write it. Nevertheless, one of those eight winds is called *Aquilo*; it blows from the north and east, and it is high and cold and very dry. It is called *Boreas* by another name, and it entirely drives off and puts to flight the pestilence that *Auster*, the southern wind, engenders. **It seems to us too complicated to speak further about this (*Unc ðincð to menigfeald þæt we swiðor embe ðis sprecon*).**

London, BL, MS Harley 3667, fols. 1-17:

- ff. 1r-2v: Part of an Easter-table with obits and other historical notices, pertaining to Peterborough Abbey.
- f. 3r-4r: A letter from Dionysius Exiguus to Bonifatius on the date of Easter.
- f. 4r-v: Notes on years (anni communis)
- f. 4v: Apuleian
- f. 5r: An Apuleian Sphere
- f. 5v: A circular diagram of the twelve winds
- f. 6r: A circular diagram listing the months and numbers related to lunar months.
- f. 6v: A diagram of the branches of knowledge, labelled 'Phylosophiae divisio'.
- f. 7r: A diagram of complex acrostic poem which can perhaps be attributed to Abbo of Fleury
- f. 7v: A diagram of creation
- f. 8r: 'Byrthferth's diagram' of the physical and cosmological fours, f. 8v: A map of the world based on a T-O model
- f. 8v-10v: Abbo, *De differentia circuli et sperae*, including tables (ff. 9v-10r), a diagram listing the signs of the zodiac (f. 9v), a diagram showing the phases of the moon in relation to the sun (f. 10r).

This image shows folio 1v of MS Harley 3667, a medieval manuscript containing the Peterborough Annals. The page features a large list of names and dates, likely referring to abbots or bishops, arranged in a grid-like table. The text is written in a Gothic script in two columns. A red arrow points from the Latin transcription below to the corresponding entries in the manuscript. A color calibration strip is visible along the left edge.

1116	Hoc anno monasterium							
	nostrum	cum magna parte						
	ville adjacentis validis							
	ignium flammis accensum							
	totum consumptum est 2 no.							
	augusti die quoque veneris							

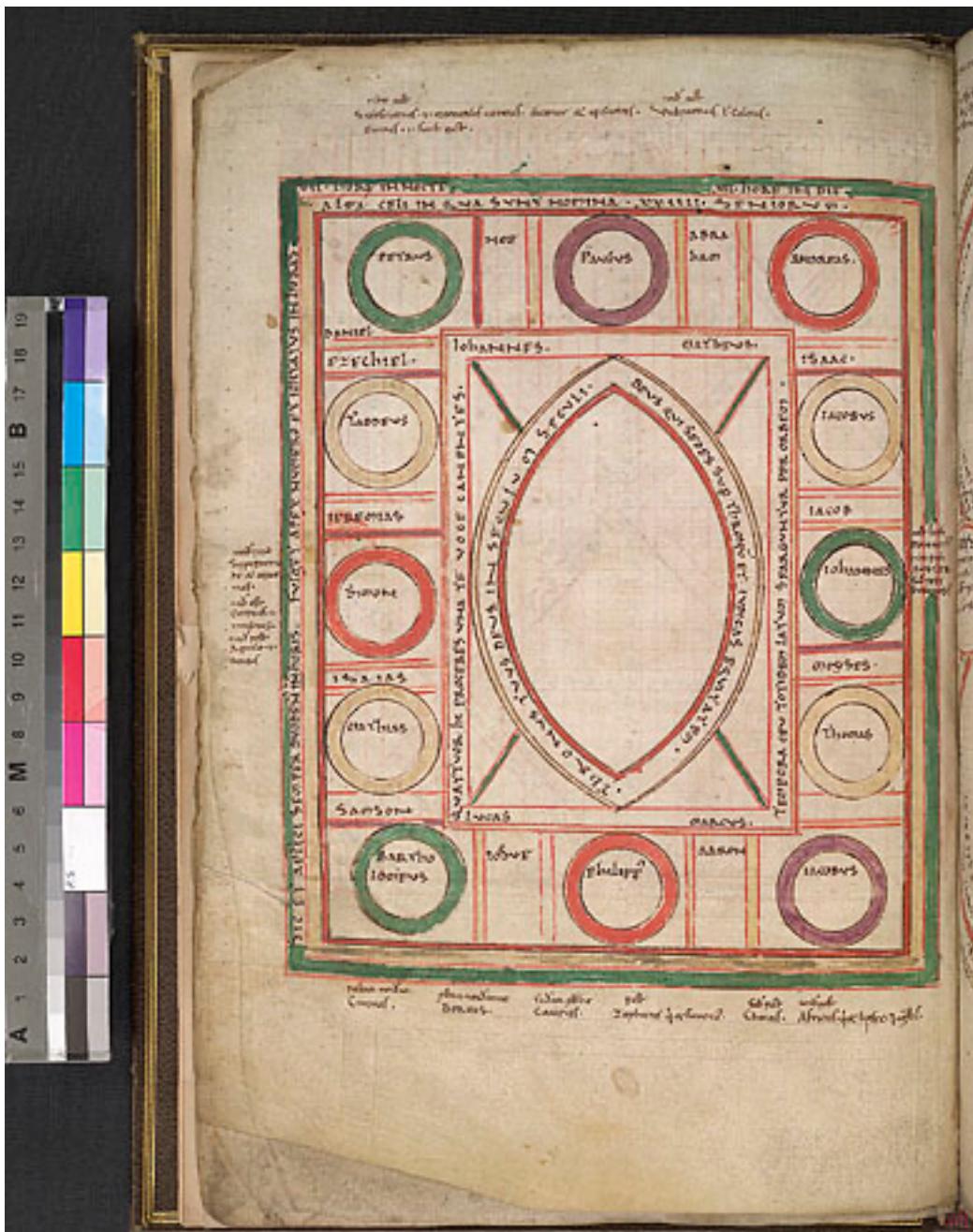
MVSEVM
BRITANICVM

*1116 Hoc anno monasterium
 nostrum cum magna parte
 ville adjacentis validis
 ignium flammis accensum
 totum consumptum est 2 no.
 augusti die quoque veneris*

London, BL, MS Harley
 3667, fol. 1v Peterborough
 Annals



London, BL, MS
Harley 3667, fol. 5v



Riht east

*Subsolanus .id.est.
orientalis uentus. dicitur et
apoliotes.*

nord east

Vulturnus uel calcias

Eurus . id est. suth east

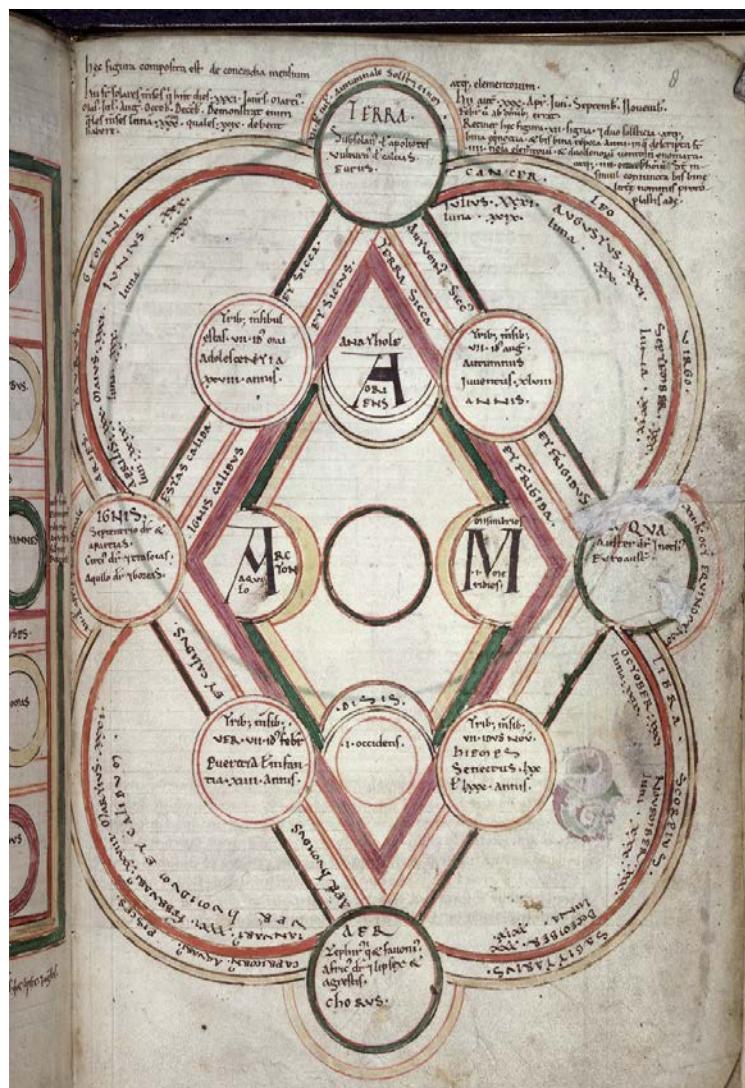
London, BL, MS Harley

3667, fol. 7v

Diagram of Creation , 'Alia celi in qua sunt nomina xxiii seniorum',

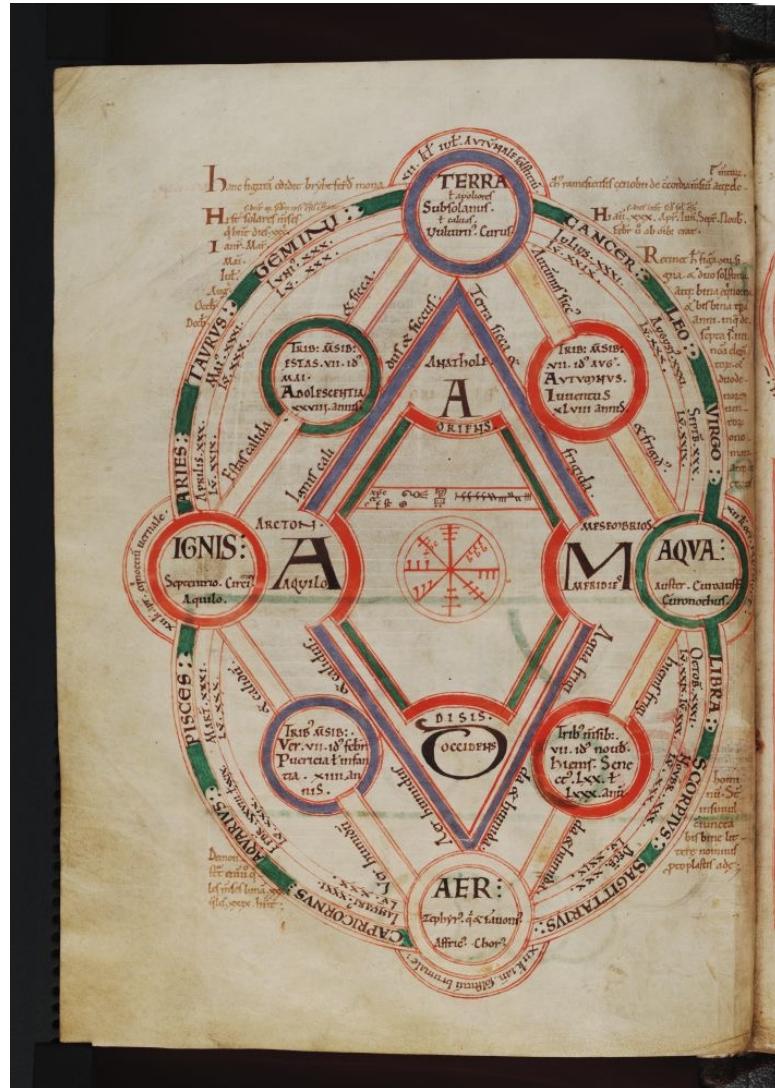
Striking similarities have been noted between Tiberius C. i + Harley 3667 and Oxford, St John's College, MS 17, Thorney Abbey 1110s

Harley 3667 f. 8 Diagram



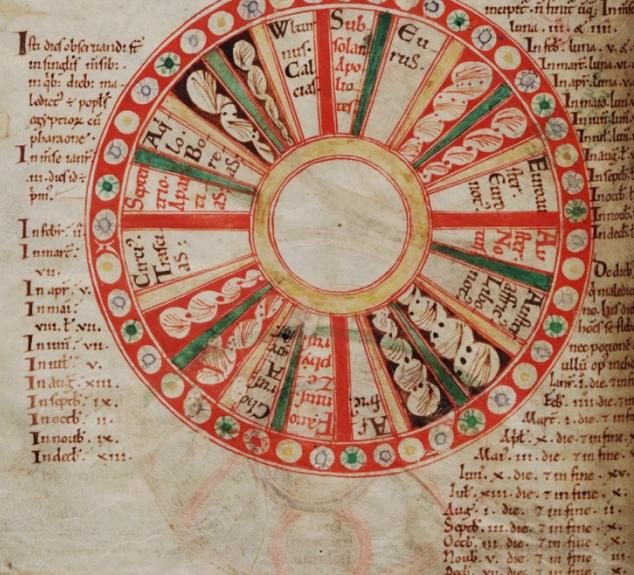
Harley 3667, fol. 8r

Byrthferth's diagram of the physical and cosmological fours



Oxford, St John's College, MS
17, fol. 7v

Ventoz pmi cardinal' septentr. frigido & nudi. sicut recte aliae. & fac' arida frigora & siccis imbelcivis
 & rufus. me adexi septentrionis intonans. fac' mues & grandis coagulationes. A quilo ventus
 q' & ventus vocat exalto fluis. gelid' acq' fisc' & sine pluma. qui n' dificit nubes. sed diffingit. Sol
 uentoz cardinal' subtilan' qui & aplopes. hic aboru intonat sol' & c' cap' . Ut enim ipse quis
 calcas vocatur. dextero subtilam. hic difficit emita acq' dicit. Cum eximisimo latere ventus
 solam orientem nubibus irrigat. et eti' ventoz auster. plage meridiane cardinali' q' & noct' . Exhunc
 ls flani. humido' calid' ater. fulminans. Generans largas nubes. & pluvias tempestivas. solent emi
 flores. C' auster. calid' ater. a dextero invenit austri. Euro. n' c' cap' calid' a similes.
 stri aspirat. Quart' u' cardinal' zephyr' & q' f' vni abcedente moret' flac'. Ita hinc regna
 gratissima me relaxat. flores producit. A f' r' q' d' lyses zephyro dextero latere intonans.
 hic genit' cephalae & pluvias. & fac' nubis confluent' & sonor concordioz & cibos
 cum fulguris usq' & fulminis impulsi. Chorus qui & ag' vbi eximisima parte falorum
 rans. Et o flante. in ore. nubila sunt. mundia serena. Quod aut' t' q' p'p' locoz. Hoc
 cert' appellat vocibus. Quo ex numero sunt nubila sui. carba' in celo'. Inponit deinde
 m'as et' om'. Ingallaria circu' . In hispania suer' men' s. Et p'ea quidem innumerabiles de
 nub' aut nubagis aut nub' nomina. Duo sunt. Et i' tab' ubiq' sp' magis q' uenta. aut' a
 altans.



Ratio specie
 ut de quin
 die incurr
 satis levior
 ex. & ob
 uit. Si a
 levioribus
 die congre
 & tropica
 et. Si a
 cetur.

Oxford, St John's
College MS 17, fol.
40v
Thorney Abbey

The contents of St John's 17 are as follows:

Miscellaneous texts and tables (1v-12r), only a few are likely to have had a connection with B; but among these are *De Concordia mensium atque elementorum* here attributed to him (fol. 7v)

B's epilogus (12v-13r)

the computus itself (13v-41r), consisting of items from each of the categories of computus described above, especially the one compiled by Abbo; also Abbo's *De differentia circuli et sperae*, extracts from Isidore, DNR and Bede, DTR, and the 'Sphere of Pythagoras'

Tracts and tables on arithmetic (41v-58r) ... added to the collection after B's time.

Bede DTR (58v-61v)

Bede DNR with accompanying glosses (62r-65r, incomplete through physical loss)

Bede DTR, including *Chronica maiora* and accompanied by intensive glossing (65v-123r)

Helperic, DC (123r-135v)

Two computistical epistolae of Dionysius Exiguus, to Petronius and to Bonifatius and Bonus (135v-138v)

Easter tables for the years 532-960 (139v-143v, completed by Cotton Nero C. vii, fols. 80-84, for the years 961-1421); further Easter tables for the years 1422-2612 (144r-155v)

Miscellaneous materials on computus, grammar, prognostications and medicine.

From P. Baker and M. Lapidge, ed. *Byrthferth's Enchridion* (EETS, SS. 15, 1995), pp. liii-liv)

